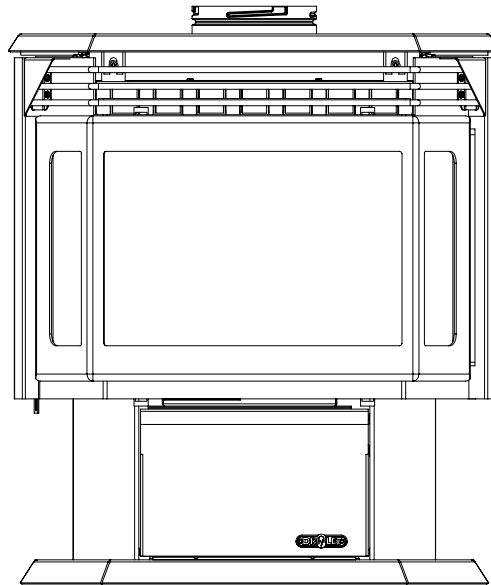




GTX-I

**Natural Gas or Propane
Freestanding Direct Vent Gas Stove
Installation and Operating Instructions**



WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

For your safety

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

What to do if you smell gas

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

Please read this manual before installing or using this appliance. Retain this manual for future reference.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Specifications

TABLE 1

ITEM	NATURAL GAS (NG)	PROPANE (LPG)
INPUT: Hi	32,500 Btu/hr (9.5 kW)	27,000 Btu/hr (7.9 kW)
INPUT: Lo	22,500 Btu/hr (6.6 kW)	21,000 Btu/hr (6.2 kW)
MANIFOLD PRESSURE: Hi	3.5" w.c. (0.82kPa)	10.0" w.c. (2.49kPa)
MANIFOLD PRESSURE: Lo	1.7" w.c. (0.42kPa)	6.3" w.c. (1.37kPa)
GAS INLET SUPPLY PRESSURE:	Minimum: 5.0" w.c. (1.25 kPa)	Minimum: 11" w.c. (2.74 kPa)
	Maximum: 10.5" w.c. (1.74 kPa)	Maximum: 13" w.c. (3.24 kPa)
ORIFICE SIZE: @ 0-4500'	2 x #57 DMS (2 x 0.043")	7/64" (0.109")
AIR SHUTTER OPENING	*Completely open	Completely open*
CONTROL VALVE TYPE:	Honeywell or SIT 820 Nova	Honeywell or SIT 820
VENTING	Simpson Dura-Vent and Security Secure Vent	Simpson Dura-Vent and Security Secure Vent
Combustion efficiency (fan off) on maximum	70.7%	68.7%
Combustion efficiency (fan on) on maximum	73.3%	72.3%
FAN	Variable Speed (120v / 60hz)	Variable Speed (120v / 60hz)

***May vary ($\pm 25\%$) depending on the installations. Judgment of installer is required.**

REGISTER YOUR WARRANTY ONLINE

To receive full warranty coverage, you will need to show evidence of the date you purchased your stove. Keep your sales invoice. We also recommend that you register your warranty online at www.drolet.ca

Registering your warranty online will help us track rapidly the information we need on your stove.

This heating unit must serve as a supplementary heat source. An alternative heat source should be available in the home if needed. The manufacturer cannot be responsible for additional heating costs associated with the use of an alternative heat source.

It is highly recommended that the user buys this product from a retailer who can provide installation and maintenance advices.

APPLIANCE DIMENSIONS

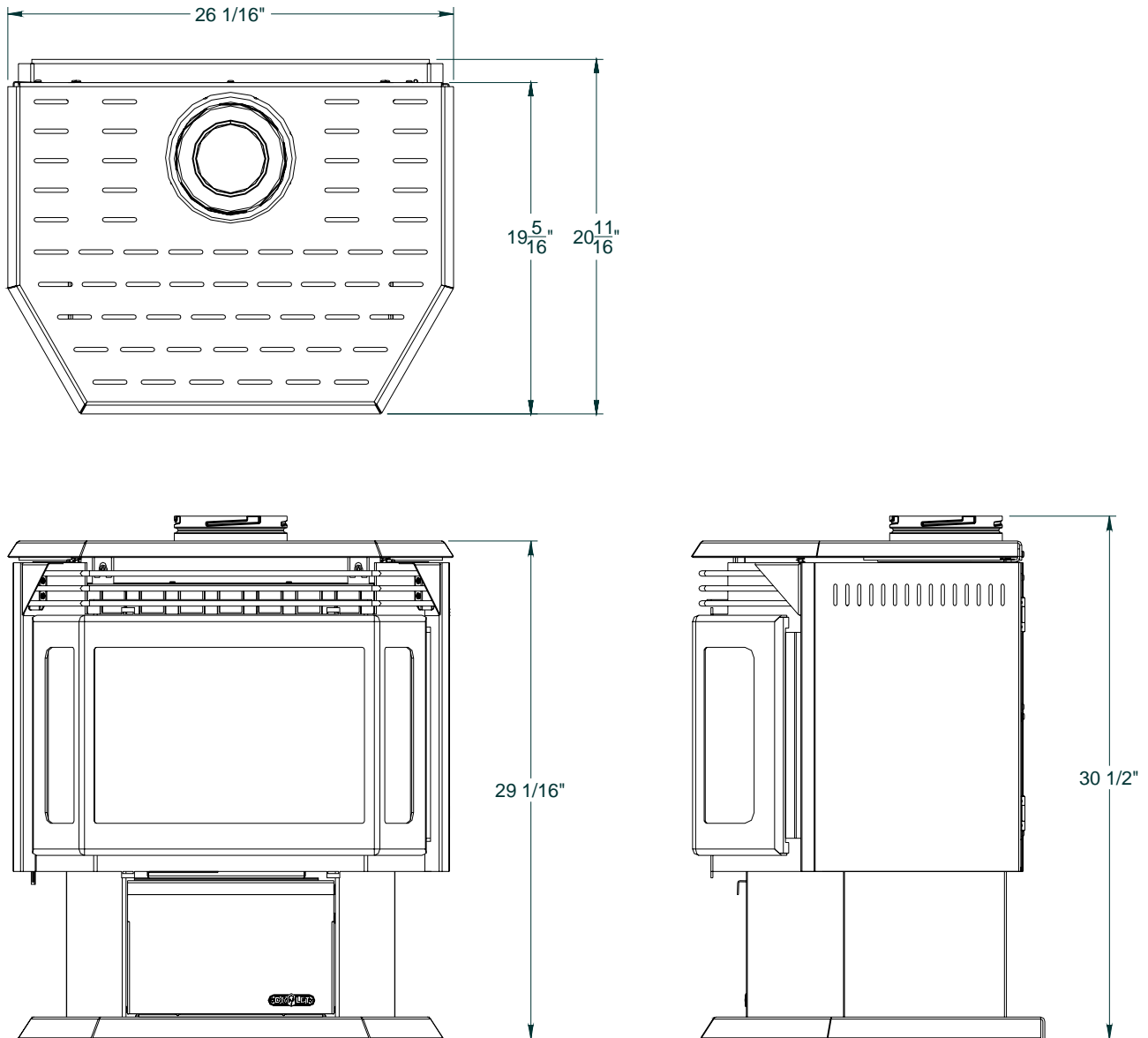


Figure 1

INSTALLATION CODES

Installation must conform to local codes. In the absence of local codes, installation must conform to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z233.1 1988, (in the U.S.), or with the current installation code CAN/CGA B149.1 – M86 (in Canada). The heater, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA No. 70-1990 (in the U.S.) or with the current CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code (in Canada). In the state of Massachusetts, this product can only be installed by a licensed plumber or a licensed gas fitter. Failure to comply will void the warranty.

1.2 Features

Ignition system:

Standing pilot ignition system with thermopile and thermocouple flame detection and piezo igniter.

Gas control:

Gas control valve type:

Automatic millivolt powered combination gas control valve with variable flame control for convenience and on/off switch. The gas valve does not require electricity from an external source.

Fan control:

Variable speed control:

For units equipped with a fan control, the knob controls the fan speed in connection with a heat sensitive switch which turns on when the heater reaches operating temperature. Turning the knob counter-clockwise turns it to the "Off" position.

Safety controls:

A safety switch will shut the system down in the event of any one of the following conditions:

- Incorrectly installed vent system
- Blocked vent causing flue spillage
- Flow reversal or sustained down draft situation

1.3 Intended use

This appliance is intended to be used as a free standing heater. With the exception of Massachusetts, the GTX-I may be installed in the United States and Canada in a bedroom or mobile home provided that CR89-00 and/or ANSI A225.1/NFPA 501A standards are followed, all required clearances are met, a wall thermostat is installed and where the maximum input is within 50 cubic feet of room volume per 1000 BTU/hr, (i.e.1500 minimum cubic feet) and the stove must be hooked up to a Simpson GS Dura Vent or Security Chimneys International (Secure Vent) 4" x 6 5/8" venting.

1.4 General safety

The appliance **must** be properly connected to a venting system in accordance with local codes. This unit must not be connected to a chimney or flue serving any other appliance. It is equipped with a safety control system to protect against improper venting of flue products.

WARNING: Operation of this unit when not connected to a properly installed and maintained venting system may result in carbon monoxide poisoning.

Installation and repair should be done by a qualified service person. The appliance should be inspected before use and at least annually by a professional service technician. Provide adequate clearances around air openings, for combustion and ventilation air, and allow accessibility clearance for servicing and proper operation.

2.0 OPERATION

2.1 Operation safety

Inspect the appliance before use. Always keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids. Never obstruct the flow of ventilation air. Keep the front of the appliance clear of all obstacles and foreign materials. Never obstruct or modify the air inlet/outlet grilles of the fireplace in any manner.

CAUTION: Children and adults should be alerted to the hazards of high surface temperature and should stay away to avoid burns or contact with hot surfaces. Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room as the heater. Clothing or other flammable material should not be placed on or near the unit.

Never operate the unit with the glass door off or broken since this may cause dangerous indoor air pollution. This unit is **not** for use with solid fuel. **Do not** substitute any parts or materials. **Do not** abuse the glass door by striking or slamming shut.

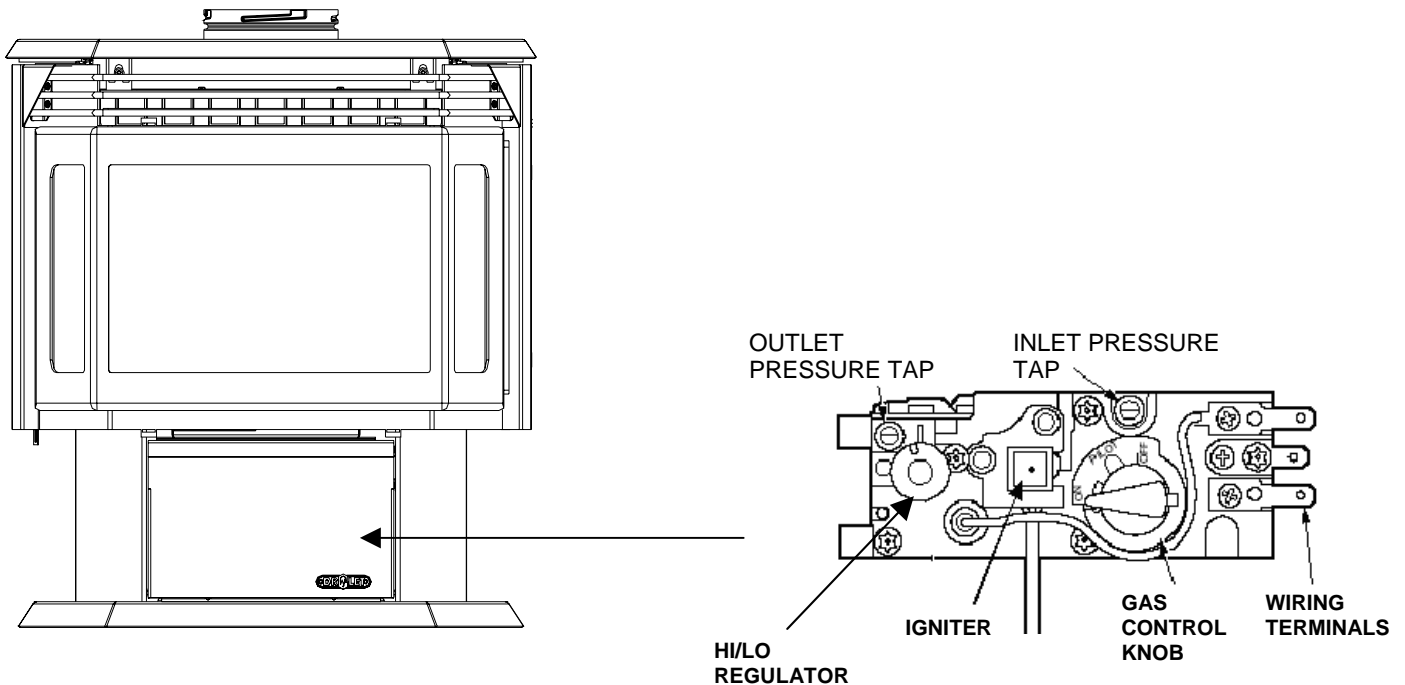


Figure 2

2.2 Lighting instructions

FOR YOUR SAFETY, READ BEFORE LIGHTING

WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS**
- Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbours phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

1. **STOP!** Read the safety information above on this label.
2. Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance.
4. Controls are accessed by opening the bottom louver.
5. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to \cup "OFF".
6. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above on this label. If you don't smell gas, go to the next step.
7. Turn control knob counterclockwise \cup pilot position.
8. Depress control knob and push in piezo igniter button. Once pilot ignites continue to hold the control knob in for one (1) minute after the pilot is lit. Release knob and it will pop back up. Pilot should remain lit. If it goes out, repeat steps 4 – 7.
 - If knob does not pop up when released, stop and immediately call your service technician or gas supplier.
 - If the pilot will not stay lit after several attempts, turn the gas control knob to "OFF" and call your service technician or gas supplier.
9. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise \cup to "ON". Turn on all electric power to the appliance. Set thermostat to desired setting or turn appliance switch to "ON" position then close bottom louver.

TO TURN GAS OFF TO APPLIANCE

1. Set thermostat to lowest setting.
2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance if service is to be performed.
3. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise \cup to "OFF", do not force.

Note: The valve is equipped with a safety lockout, once in the "OFF" position you must wait until the thermopile has cooled before attempting to light the pilot (approximately 3 minutes).

2.3 Heat output adjustment

The valve supplied with the appliance has a HI/LO knob to control the heat output and flame height (see Figure 2).

2.4 Fan operation

The fan control knob is located on the control panel and may be adjusted to the following settings:

OFF: Turn the control fully counter-clockwise until the switch operates.

Variable Speed Setting:

Turn the control to the desired setting. When the knob is turned fully clockwise the fan will set to minimum speed.

Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas controls which have been under water.

Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

3.0 INSTALLATION

3.1 Installation and safety notes

Read all instructions before starting installation and follow them carefully during installation to ensure maximum benefit and safety. Failure to follow these instructions will void your warranty and may present a fire hazard. See the warranty at the back of this manual for disclaimers regarding improper installation. This free standing fireplace and its components are tested and safe when installed in accordance with this installation manual.

ELECTRICAL GROUNDING NOTE: A three-prong (grounding) plug, for your protection against shock hazard, is provided and should be plugged directly into a properly grounded three-prong receptacle. Do not cut or remove the grounding prong from this plug.

WARNING: Do not connect 120 VAC to the gas control valve or it's wiring, as this will damage the valve.

3.2 Unpacking

Please check the appliance carefully for any damaged or missing components (specifically check the glass condition). Report any problems to your dealer. This unit is shipped with the logs in separate box.

3.3 Installation

For satisfactory results it is necessary to plan certain aspects of the installation prior to the appliance's final positioning. These include the vent system, the gas piping, and the fans wiring. Combustible surfaces such as the hearth, mantle, and facing must also be planned for.

NOTE: All Installations Require Venting.

3.3.1 Minimum clearances to combustibles

This free standing fireplace is suitable for installation on a combustible

Minimum Clearances to Combustibles are:

From ceiling:	30" (77 cm)
From sidewall:	8" (21 cm)
From backwall:	5" (13 cm)
From corner (corner installation)	2" (5 cm)

Note: The appliance can sit directly on a combustible surface provided that it remains stable. Verification with local codes is recommended.

3.3.2 Gas line installation

- Install supply line using any piping approved for your installation meeting CAN/CGA 6.10, AA 3, ANSI Z21.24 or Z21.45. A qualified gas fitter should install the gas line in accordance with all local building codes. If codes permit, coiled copper tubing may be used for gas supply.
- Pressure taps are provided on the gas control for test gauge connections to measure the manifold and inlet pressures.
- This appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shut off valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psig (3.45 kPa).
- The appliance and its individual shut off valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of the system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psig (3.45 kPa).
- Install the gas line as follows:
 - The gas line connection found on the back of the valve is a 3/8" black iron nipple. An AGA and/or CGA approved shut off valve can be installed in conjunction with the nipple if so desired. Installing the shut off valve on the end of the nipple will allow quick accessibility.
- Upon initial firing check manifold pressure at pressure tap located on the front of the control valve (see Figure 2).

WARNING: Do not use an open flame to test for gas leaks.

3.3.3 Thermostat or wall switch installation

The burner control switch is located on the control panel. For your convenience, the unit can also be operated by a thermostat, or a wall switch control. Millivolt thermostats are available from most hearth dealers. Bedroom installations require the use of a wall thermostat.

NOTE: The thermostat or wall switch MUST be rated for millivolt use. Minimize splicing in all millivolt wiring & solder all unavoidable splices.

3.3.3.1 Remote control installation

Please refer to instructions included with kit.

3.3.3.2 Thermostat or wall switch installation

1. Mount the thermostat or wall switch in the desired location and run "two conductor thermostat wire" to the burner control switch (Figure 3). To bypass the burner control switch, run the wires directly to the gas valve (Figure 4).

Purchase "two conductor thermostat wire", which is not provided, at any local supplier. The gauge of thermostat wire will determine the maximum wire length and distance at which to locate the thermostat or wall switch. See table 2 below and the information packaged with the thermostat. Be aware that, as the length of wire increases, the probability of adequate operating voltage decreases.

TABLE 2: THERMOSTAT WIRE INFORMATION

AWG	mm	MAX. WIRE LENGTH	
		ft.	m
22	0.6	10	3.1
20	0.8	25	7.6
18	1.0	40	12.2
16	1.3	64	19.5
14	1.6	100	30.5

2. Solder an appropriate wire connector to each wire. To connect to the burner switch, 1/4" female quick connects are required and to connect directly to the valve use spade tongue connectors.
3. Check tests can be performed on the valve by referring to the trouble shooting guide.

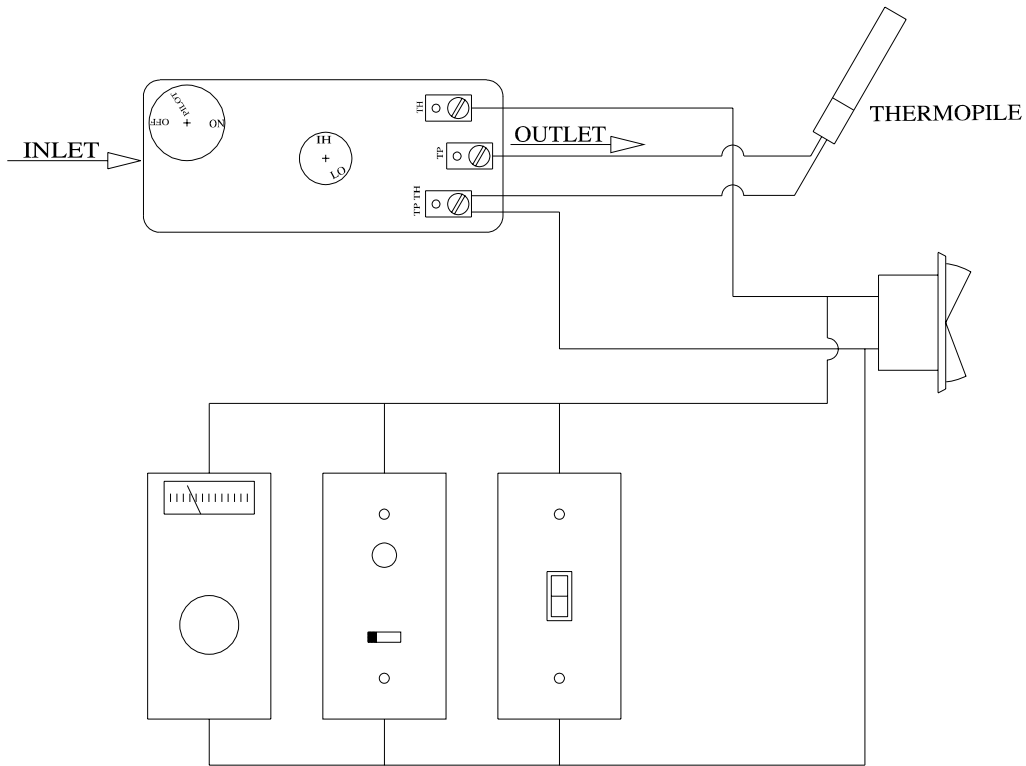


Figure 3

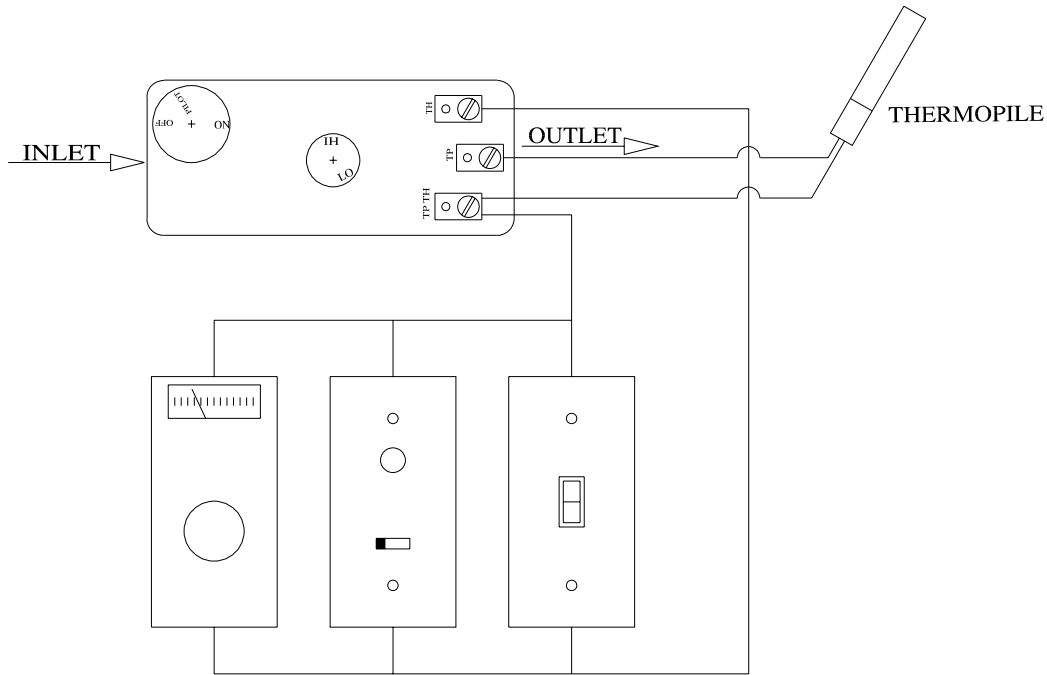


Figure 4

3.3.4 Vent installation

3.3.4.1 Acceptable configurations

The stove must be connected to Simpson GS Dura Vent or Security Chimneys International (Secure Vent) 4" x 6 5/8" venting. Install the vent components according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use a maximum of two 90 degree elbows and four 45 degree elbows. Slope horizontal pipe at least 1/4" (6 mm) rise per foot of horizontal run. Allow 2" (50 mm) clearance to the vent. A vinyl siding standoff must be used when terminating horizontally to vinyl siding as well a heat guard must be installed when using a 36" snorkel. Refer to the graph for allowable vent configurations.

Note: If at any time the vent-air intake piping is dismantled, use the vent manufacturer's instructions and the sealing instructions for reassembly.

For horizontal termination:

The maximum horizontal length using the minimum vertical length must consist of:

- A minimum of 6 feet (1.82m) of vertical length directly on top of stove.
- One 90 degree elbow.
- A maximum of 10 feet (3m) of horizontal length.
- A wall thimble.
- A wall thimble cover.
- A horizontal termination cap.

The minimum vertical length using the maximum horizontal length consists of:

- A minimum of 24" (61cm) vertical length directly on top of the stove.
- A maximum of one 90 degree elbow.
- A maximum of 12" (31cm) total horizontal length.
- A wall thimble.
- A wall thimble cover.
- Horizontal termination cap.

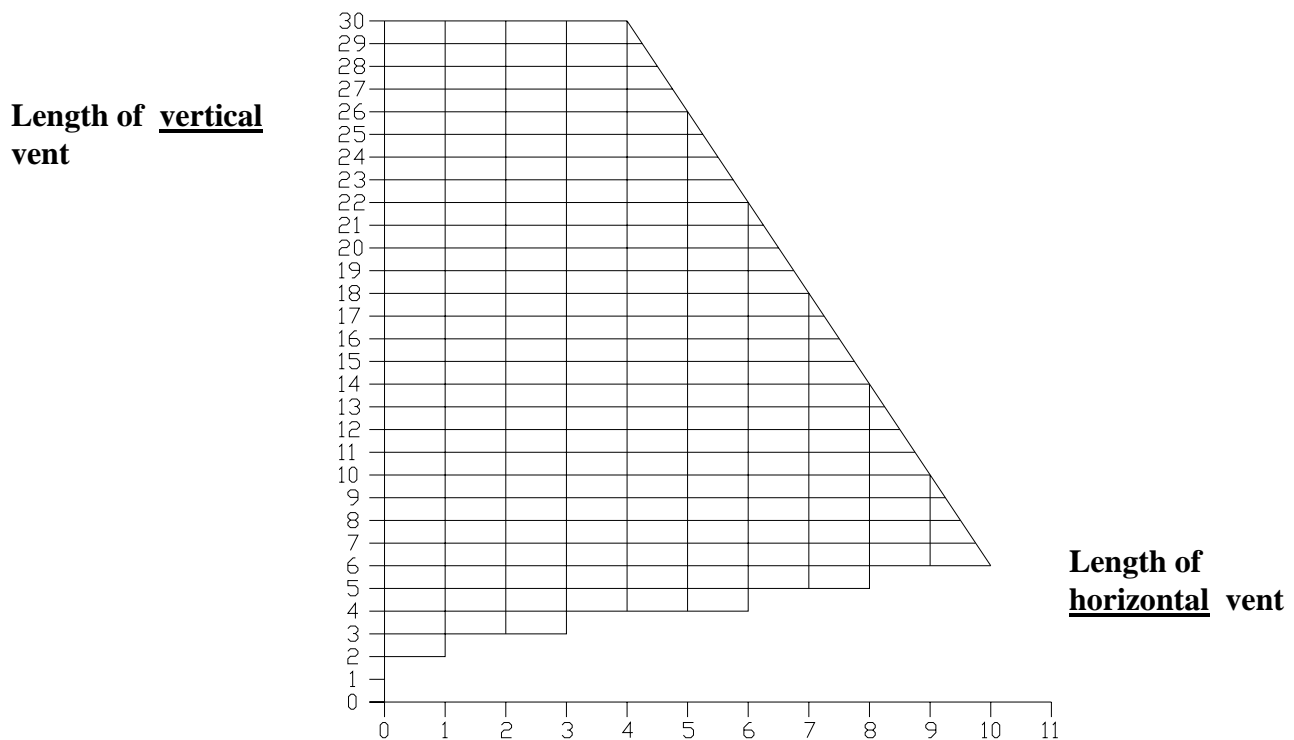
For vertical termination:

The maximum vertical system consists of:

- Up to 30 feet (9m) of vertical length.
- Fire stop, flashing, and collar.
- High Wind termination cap.

Use a ceiling fire stop when penetrating a ceiling. Use a round support box/wall thimble when penetrating an inside wall, or on an outside wall, only when additional support or decorative trim is required. The round support box is not required on basic installations. Vent terminals shall not be recessed into a wall or siding.

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL VENT CHART



3.3.4.2 Typical vent installation

Vent terminals shall not be recessed into a wall or siding.

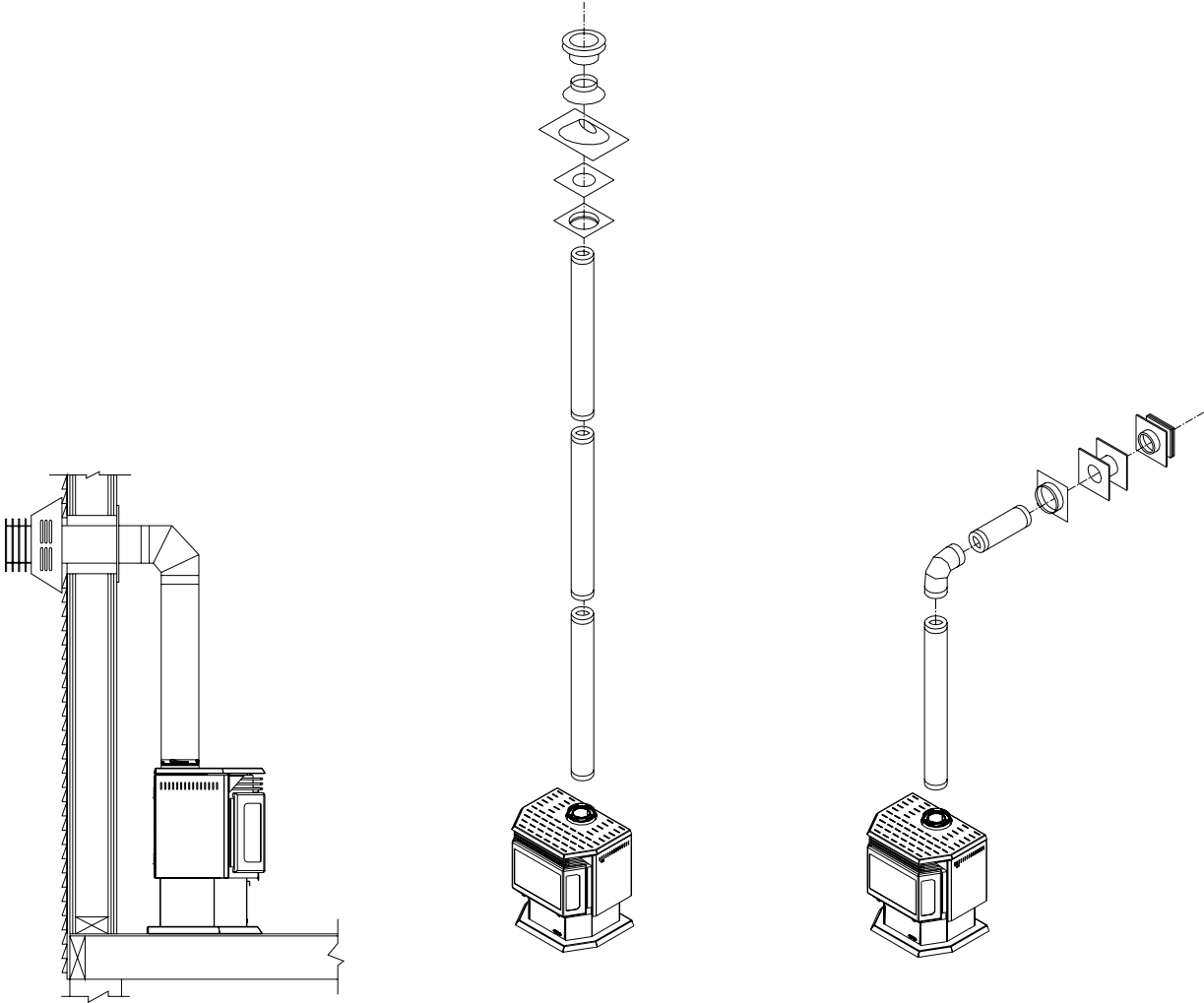


Figure 5

3.3.4.3 Use of sealant

Sealant is required on vent system joints. On longer vent runs, especially vertical runs, sealant will ensure that the combustion air enters from outdoors, and not through the vent joints. Use a sealing product, available from your local Drolet dealer, on the inner pipe joint, applying the sealant around the outside of the male part of the vent. A bead of silicone should be used on the outside of the joint after assembly to seal the supply air.

“WARNING: A minimum clearance to combustibles must be maintained around the vent pipe of 2” on horizontal pipe runs and 1” on vertical pipe runs.

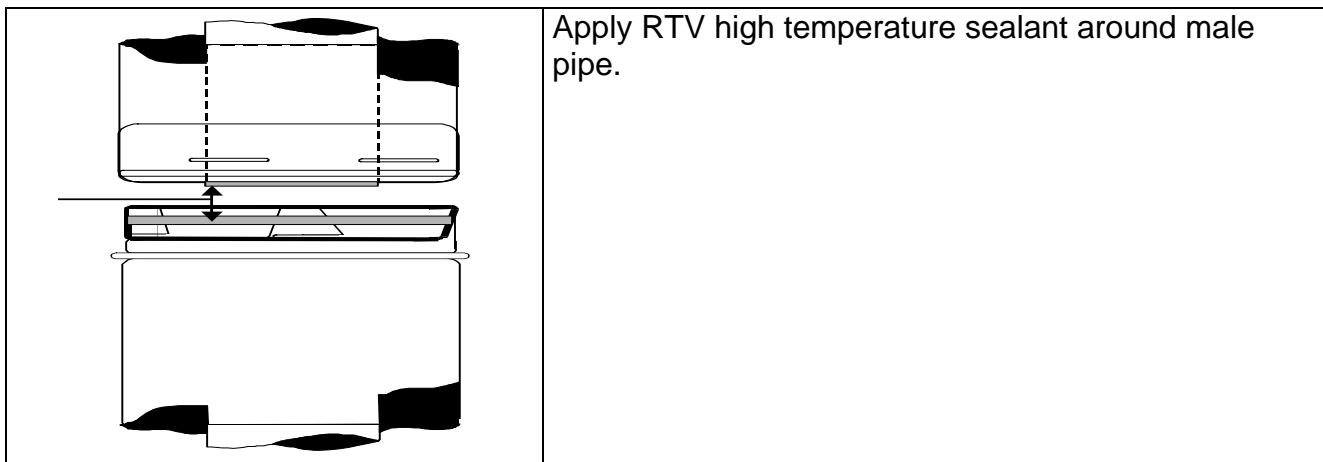


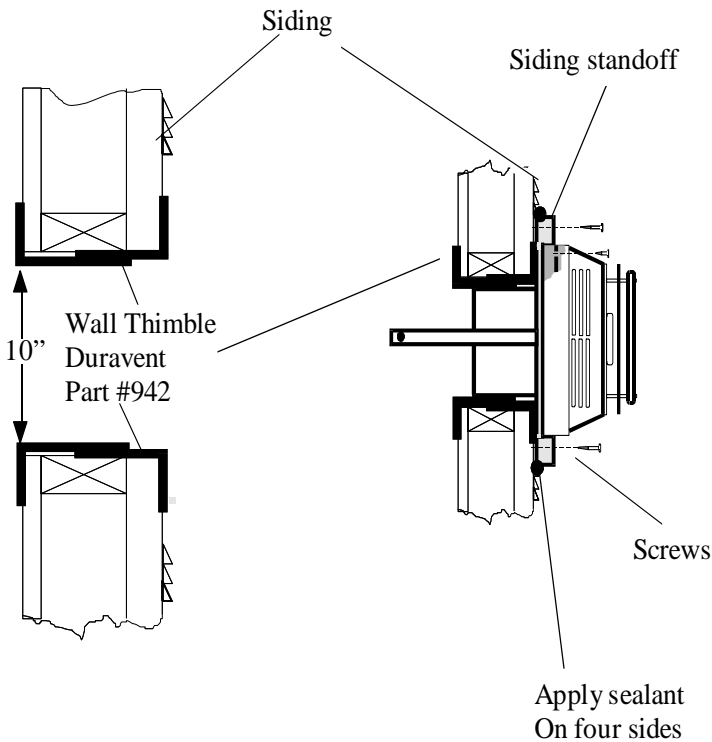
Figure 6

3.3.4.4 Horizontal wall vent termination

The position of the horizontal vent termination must be positioned in such a way as to meet all local building codes. Attach the correct length of vertical section pipe and an elbow fitting to the stove. Mark the center line of the pipe facing the wall (allowing for a 1/4" rise per foot of horizontal, example 10 ft of horizontal would require a rise of 2.5").

NOTE: ALLOWING THE VENT PIPE TO SLOPE DOWN TOWARDS THE VENT TERMINATION COULD CAUSE POOR COMBUSTION AND/OR HIGH TEMPERATURES THAT MAY PRESENT A FIRE HAZARD.

Mark a 10" x 10" square around the center mark (inside dimensions). Cut and frame the exterior wall to except the wall thimble. Install the wall thimble shield using wood screws. If the wall being penetrated is constructed of non-combustible material, a 7" hole for the vent pipe is acceptable.

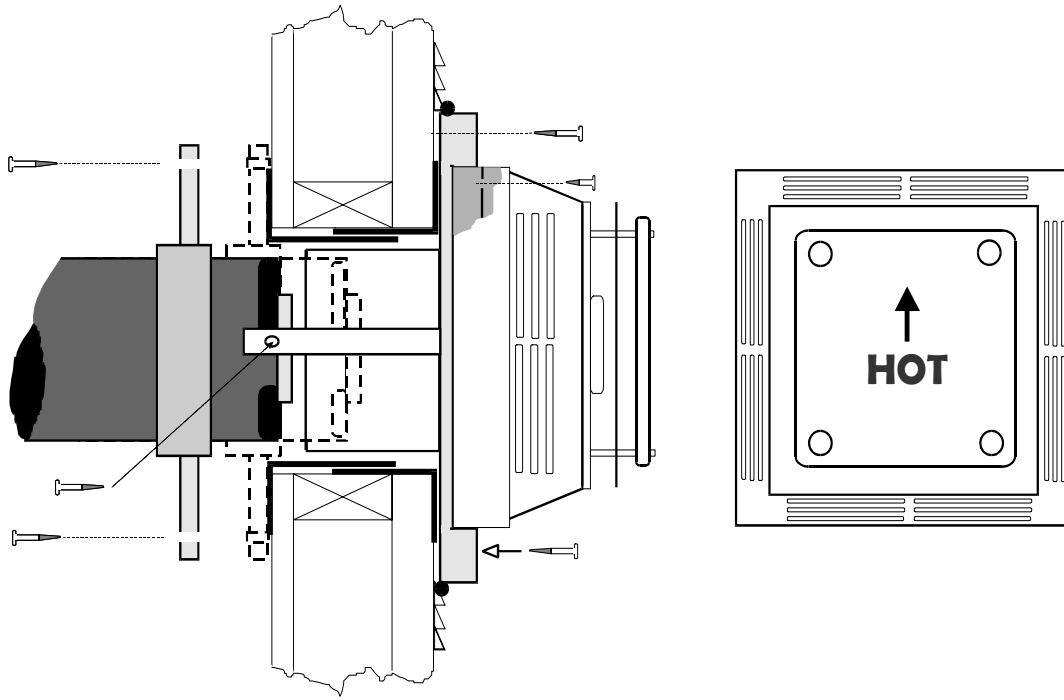


Caution: When installing the terminal on to vinyl siding, a vinyl siding kit or furring strips must be used to prevent the terminal from being recessed into the siding.

When the termination is to be attached to vinyl siding, apply a bead of non-hardening mastic around the outside edge to form a seal between the standoff and the terminal. Attach the terminal to the exterior wall using four wood screws through the holes in the corner of the vent terminal. Complete the terminal installation; apply a bead of mastic around the outer edge of the vinyl standoff. With the termination installed you can now connect the completed vent assembly by sliding the unit back towards the wall and carefully inserting the pipe into the terminal. Before the final connection is made slide on the decorative wall thimble. Secure the terminal by securing the termination straps to the pipe as close to the exterior wall as possible using sheet metal screws, ensure that the straps are hidden by the wall thimble cover. Apply decorative trim if required.

Before sliding the pipe into the termination, ensure that you have slid the decorative wall thimble cover and penetration heat shield over the pipe.

Slide the pipe into the vent, making sure that at least 1 1/4" overlap between the pipe and the terminal. Attach the pipe by attaching two sheet metal screws through the terminal straps and into the pipe. Bend back the straps towards the terminal making sure they are hidden by the decorative thimble. Finally attach the wall penetration heat shield and secure with wood screws



Basement Installations

To achieve the minimum vertical rise a 36" snorkel must be used. Where the bottom of the terminal may be blocked by snow, ensure provision is made for adequate drainage.

3.3.4.5 Vertical installation

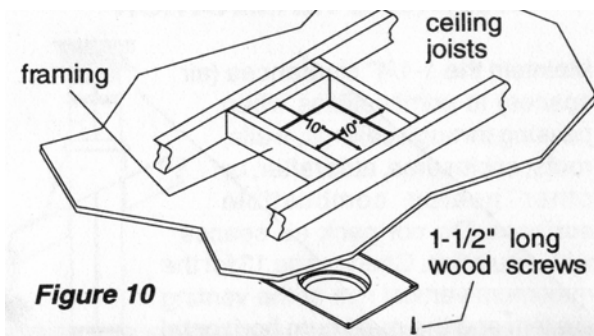
Always maintain a 1" clearance around the vent pipe (vertical) and 2" clearance horizontal, when passing through ceilings, walls, roofs, enclosures, attic rafter or any combustible surfaces.

DO NOT PACK AIR SPACES WITH INSULATION.

Refer to the vent charts for maximum allowable vertical and horizontal allowable installations.

When planning your installation determine if ceiling joists, roof rafters or other framing will obstruct the vent system. You may have to use 45° elbows to navigate around any obstacles. When passing through a flat ceiling install a Box/Wall thimble. Cut a 10" square hole and frame as shown in the diagram opposite.

Ensure all pipe sections are fully twist locked.

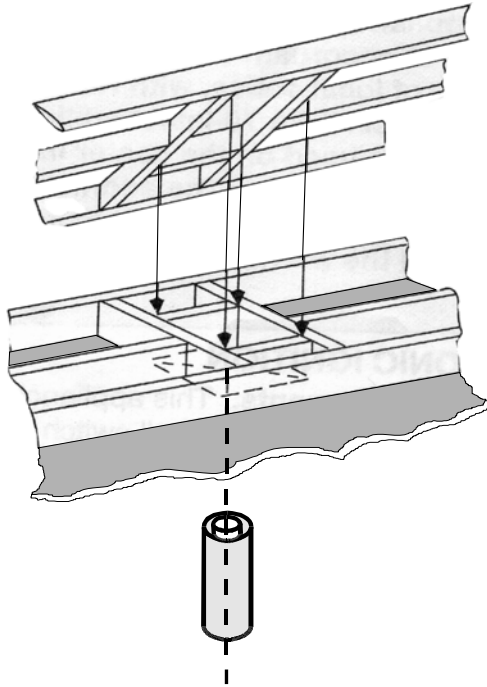


NOTE: ALWAYS CHECK YOUR LOCAL CODES BEFORE INSTALLING VENTING. CLEARANCES ETC, MAY VARY FROM STATE TO STATE (PROVINCE TO PROVINCE).

NOTE: CONSULT DURAVENT PARTS LIST OR SECURITY CHIMNEY PARTS LIST FOR PART NUMBERS (USE ONLY DURAVENT GS SYSTEM OR SECURITY DV PARTS).

Through Roof Framing

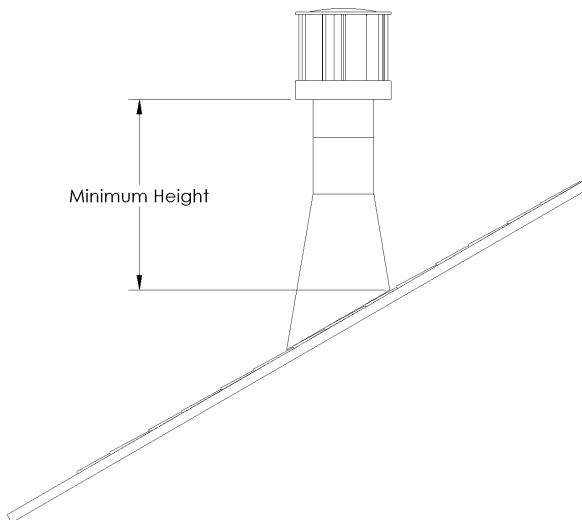
Maintain 10" opening relative to the pitch of the roof.



Use a suitable round or square support through the roof. Ensure adequate heat shield protection is provided.

Termination above Roof

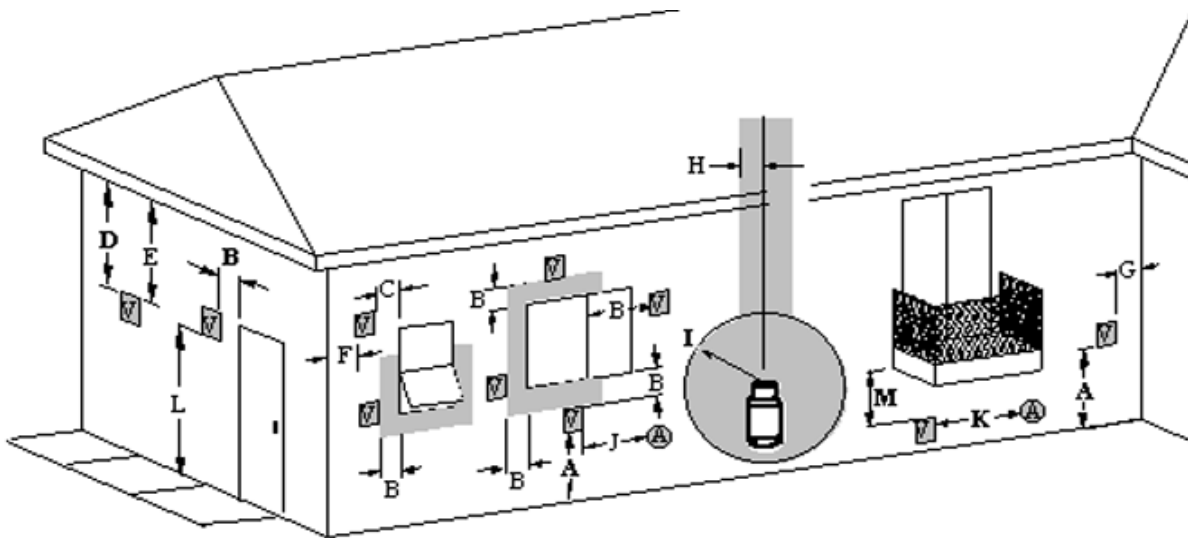
Consult local codes for minimum vent cap height above the roof .



To prevent water seepage; install the flashing with upper portion slid under the roofing material and the lower portion over the roofing material.

Note: do not fasten down until the final adjustments to the vent have been made.

3.3.4.6 Vent terminal locations



V VENT TERMINAL
 SORTIE DU TUYAU
 D'EVACUATION

A AIR SUPPLY INLET
 ENTREE D'AIR FRAIS

AREA WHERE TERMINAL IS NOT PERMITTED
 ZONE OU LA SORTIE N'EST PAS PERMISE

Figure 7

- A = clearances above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony [* 12" (305 mm) minimum]
- B = clearance to window or door that may be opened [* 12" (305 mm) minimum]
- C = clearance to permanently closed window [minimum 12" (305 mm) recommended to prevent condensation on window]
- D = vertical clearance to ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 24" (610 mm) from the centre-line of the terminal 23" (584 mm) minimum
- E = clearance to unventilated soffit 23" (584 mm) minimum
- F = clearance to outside corner = 0" (0 mm)
- G = clearance to inside corner = 0" (0mm) to non-combustibles, or 8" (203mm) to combustibles
- H = * not to be installed above a meter/regulator assembly within 36" (914 mm) horizontally from the centre-line of the regulator
- I = clearance to service regulator vent outlet [* 72" (1829 mm) minimum]
- J = clearance to non-mechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance [* 12" (305 mm) minimum]
- K = clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet [* 72" (1829 mm) minimum]
- L = clearance above paved side-walk or a paved driveway located on public property [* 84" (2134 mm) minimum]
- M = clearance under veranda, porch, deck, or balcony [* 12" (305 mm) minimum]

a vent shall not terminate directly above a side-walk or paved driveway which is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings*

only permitted if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of 2 sides beneath the floor*

* as specified in CGA B149 Installation Code (1991) NOTE: local codes or regulations may specify different clearances

* follow ANSI Z223.1 for U.S.A.

3.3.5 Installation of the logs

Note: If the pictures in this section are not clear enough, you may see them in color by downloading this owner's manual via Drolet's web site at www.drolet.ca



Step 1



Step 2



Step 3



Step 4



Step 6



Step 7

3.3.6 Initial firing

At the time of the first burn, the appliance may emit an odor, accompanied by smoke. This is perfectly normal. As the metal heats to the critical point (about 375 degrees F), part of the paint components turns to light gray smoke as the dormant silicone resin activates and begins to bond with the metal. After the “burn-off” is complete, there will be no more smoke or odor. Although the smoke/odor is not toxic, it is annoying and it displaces oxygen. After the fireplace has been burned about three times (for at least one hour), the entire surface will have cured. If the process is not complete, it will continue to give off some odor. It is important to ventilate the house during these initial burns. We advise removing young children, elderly persons and anyone suffering from breathing disorders (or are sensitive to oxygen imbalances) from the area while this process is occurring.

NOTE: It is normal for the appliance to expand and contract while it heats up or cools down whether this is from a cold start or a steady-state condition where the fan has come on or off. Under these circumstances it is possible that the expansion/contraction of the metal parts may produce a ticking sound. Occasionally, after a cold start, vapor may condense and fog the glass, and the flames may be partially blue. After a few minutes the moisture will disappear and the flames will become yellow.

3.3.6.1 Manifold pressure regulator adjustment

The manifold pressure regulator controls gas input and flame height, and is pre-adjusted at the factory. No further adjustment is required. Manifold pressure can be verified only (see Figure 2).

3.3.6.2 Pilot adjustment

For proper operation, the pilot and main burner flames must be steady and not lifting off or floating. The top 3/8” – 1/2” (10-13mm) of the thermopile should be engulfed by the pilot flame. The pilot flame adjustment should be performed by a qualified service person only. To adjust the pilot flame, turn the pilot adjustment screw counter-clockwise to increase and clockwise to decrease the flame. Ensure that the pilot flame completely engulfs the thermopile (see figure 8).

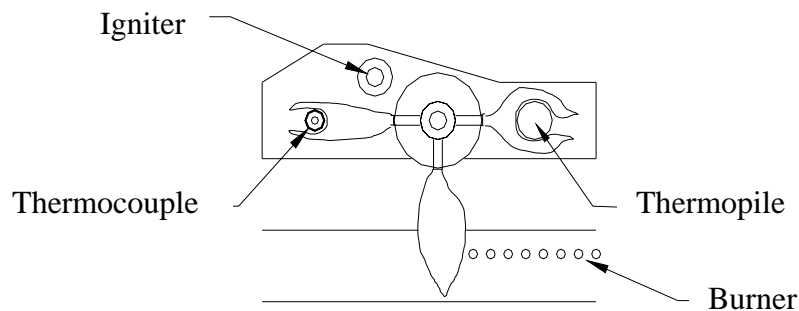


Figure 8

3.3.7 Altitude adjustment

All valves have been pre-set and certified for installation at elevations from 0 – 4500 feet (1 – 1372m) above sea level.

When installing this heater at higher elevations, it is necessary to decrease the input rating by replacing the existing burner orifice with a smaller size for installations over 4500 feet (1372m). The appliances input should be reduced 4% for each additional 1000 feet (305m) above sea level. For the USA, de-rate the heater from sea level according to the gas installation code.

4.0 MAINTENANCE

4.1 Maintenance safety

Turn off the gas to the main burner and allow the heater to cool for up to 30 minutes before servicing.

Service and repair should be done by a qualified service person. The appliance should be inspected before use and at least annually by a professional service technician. More frequent cleaning may be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, etc. It is important that the access door compartment, burner, and circulating air passageways be kept clean to provide for adequate combustion and ventilation airflow. Do not substitute materials or use components other than factory supplied.

4.2 Recommended service

1. Examine the venting system periodically.
2. Visually check the burner and pilot flames occasionally. Visually inspect height and color of flames.
3. Clean the glass as needed.
4. Have the appliance inspected annually by a professional service technician.
5. Clean the appliance regularly.

NOTE: Safety screens removed for service must be replaced prior to operating the heater.

Annual service: An annual service call should take between 1 – 2 hours. Start by disassembling the unit; take off the glass and remove all the logs, embers, burner, and fan. A small toothbrush is a handy tool for cleaning the fan. Loosen all the debris on the fan blades and vacuum it off. Vacuum the whole firebox and all the air passages. Clean the burner, pilot orifice, main orifice, logs, etc. After everything is clean, check all the connections and the chassis ground and reassemble. Fire up the unit and check the electrical readings of the thermopile/thermocouple. Clean the glass. Check the gas pressure. Check the draft (the venting system should also be checked).

4.3 Glass cleaning

The inside of the glass may require periodic cleaning to remove deposits left from impurities in the gas and combustion air. For best results, use a gas fireplace glass cleaner. A suitable cleaner is available from your dealer. Avoid the use of ammonia based cleaners such as Windex[®]. Do not clean while hot. Do not use abrasive cleaners. Make sure you clean off the white film on the fireplace glass as soon as possible – otherwise the glass may deteriorate.

4.4 Burner & pilot cleaning

Periodic cleaning is necessary for proper operation. Remove the burner, and check that the burner orifice is clean. Visually inspect the pilot. Brush or blow away any dust, lint, or foreign debris. If the pilot orifice is plugged, disassembly may be required to remove any foreign material from the orifice or tubing.

4.5 Fan installation

Caution: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

5.0 TROUBLE SHOOTING

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
I. Pilot will not light after repeated triggering of the piezo ignition button	A. No spark at electrode (weak or not heat source for pilot ignition)	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Improper ignition 2. Poor connections at igniter and ignition electrode 3. Broken ceramic cover on ignition electrode 4. Defective piezo igniter 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Align the electrode with 1/8" (3mm) gap to pilot hood 2. Reconnect if loose 3. Replace pilot assembly 4. Replace piezo igniter
	B. No gas or low gas pressure	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gas line shut off(s) may not be turned on 2. No gas supply (LPG) 3. Air in gas lines 4. Gas lines may not be connected 5. Low pressure may be caused by bent line 6. Valve control knob not fully depressed in "PILOT" position 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn of shut-off valves 2. Check propane tank; you may be out of fuel 3. Purge gas lines 4. Connect all gas lines 5. Check for a kinked line 6. Fully depress control knob
II. Pilot will not stay lit after following the lighting instructions	A. Thermocouple / Valve	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Weak or improperly located pilot flame 2. Defective thermocouple 3. Thermocouple not installed properly 4. Open wire connection in pilot circuit 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adjust and clean pilot. The flame must impinge on or engulf the thermocouple. 2. Have the thermostat contacts open and pilot lit with the knob turned to the "Pilot" position. Reading should be a minimum of 18 mV for a new thermocouple, if the reading is less than 18mV replace the thermocouple. 3. Make sure all wire connections at the gas valve terminals are tight and the thermocouple is fully inserted into the mounting bracket 4. Check wire continuity and connections in the pilot circuit

III. Main burner will not light	A. Valve / Switches	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Valve control off 2. Blockage at the burner (line, orifice, or ports) 3. Defective wall switch or thermostat 4. Defective wiring or connections 5. Excessive length of thermostat wire from valve to wall switch or thermostat 6. Wall switch or thermostat incorrectly wired 7. Defective Valve 8. Thermopile may not be generating sufficient voltage (460 mV) 9. Wall switch, thermostat, or wires are defective 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn to "ON" position 2. Check and clean 3. Conduct a continuity test or jumper wire test and replace if defective 4. Conduct a test with a jumper wire and repair as required 5. Reduce wire length to less than 100 feet or increase wire size 6. Wire correctly 7. Turn valve and "ON/OFF" switch to the "ON" position. Check with millivolt meter at terminals TP-TH & TH. Millivolt meter should read greater than 460 millivolts. If the reading is OK and the burner does not come on, replace the gas valve 8. Recheck using the millivolt meter. The pilot flame may not be high enough for the flame to properly engulf the thermopile. If so, adjust and reset. If voltage is still insufficient, replace thermopile 9. Follow previous corrective action, check switch and wiring. Replace where defective
IV. Soot deposits on glass	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Flame impingement on logs 2. Improper primary air setting 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adjust the log set to avoid direct flame impingement. Follow log placement instructions 2. Open aeration shutter more.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Foreign material impeding burner 4. Air inlet blocked or restricted 5. Vent system is restricted or inadequate 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Ensure that no foreign material blocks burner flame ports 4. Clean air inlets 5. Check correct termination is used.
V. Flame burns blue and lifts off burner	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insufficient combustion air being supplied 2. Manifold pressure set too high 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ensure that no foreign material blocks air inlets and that the burner shutter is correctly adjusted. Ensure the vent is adequate
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Vent system restricted 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Check manifold pressure 3. Check vent system
VI. Flames impinge on firebox top	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Vent system is restricted or inadequate 2. Manifold pressure too high 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct flue as required 2. Check manifold pressure as required

6.0 REPLACEMENT PARTS

When requesting service or replacement parts, refer to your dealer. The following information's will be asked for; the model name GTX-I, the type of gas used, serial number and proof of purchase. The damaged parts must be replaced by Drolet genuine parts. You can consult the spare parts list on our website at www.drolet.ca or contact your Drolet dealer.

DROLET LIMITED LIFETIME WARRANTY

The warranty of the manufacturer extends only to the original consumer purchaser and is not transferable. This warranty covers brand new products only, which have not been altered, modified nor repaired since shipment from factory. Proof of purchase (dated bill of sale), model name and serial number must be supplied when making any warranty claim to your DROLET dealer.

This warranty applies to normal residential use only. Damages caused by misuse, abuse, improper installation, lack of maintenance, negligence or accident during transportation are not covered by this warranty.

This warranty does not cover any scratch, corrosion, warping, or discoloration caused by over firing, abrasives or chemical cleaners. Any defect or damage caused by the use of unauthorized parts or others than original parts void this warranty. An authorized qualified technician must perform the installation in accordance with the instructions supplied with this product and all local and national building codes. Any service call related to an improper installation is not covered by this warranty.

The manufacturer may require that defective products be returned or that digital pictures be provided to support the claim. Returned products are to be shipped prepaid to the manufacturer for investigation. If a product is found to be defective, the manufacturer will repair or replace such defect and reasonable transportation fees will be refunded. Repair work covered by the warranty, executed at the purchaser's domicile by an authorized qualified technician requires the prior approval of the manufacturer. Labour cost and repair work to the account of the manufacturer are based on predetermined rate schedule and must not exceed the wholesale price of the replacement part. All labour and freight costs covered by this warranty are limited according to the table below.

The manufacturer at its discretion may decide to repair or replace any part or unit after inspection and investigation of the defect. The manufacturer may, at its discretion, fully discharge all obligations with respect to this warranty by refunding the wholesale price of any warranted but defective parts. The manufacturer shall in no event be responsible for any special, indirect, consequential damages of any nature, which are in excess of the original purchase price of the product.

DESCRIPTION	WARRANTY APPLICATION	
	PARTS	LABOUR
Combustion chamber (welds only), heat exchanger, and castings.	Lifetime	5 years
Plating (defective manufacture) – subject to limitations above	Lifetime	n/a
Burner	5 years	3 years
Stainless steel baffle and parts	5 years	3 years
Carbon steel baffle and parts	2 years	1 year
Ceramic logs, masonry-like panels, and ceramic glass (thermal breakage only*)	2 years	n/a
Gas valve, pilot assembly & related parts, blowers, switches, rheostat, and other controls.	1 year	1 year
Paint (peeling) and gaskets	1 year	n/a

**Pictures required*

Shall your unit or a components be defective, contact immediately your **DROLET** dealer. Prior to your call make sure you have the following information necessary to your warranty claim treatment:

- **Your name, address and telephone number;**
- **Serial number and model name as indicated on the nameplate fixed to the back of your unit;**
- **Bill of sale and dealer's name;**
- **Nature of the defect and any relevant information.**

Before shipping your unit or defective component to our plant, you must obtain from your DROLET dealer an Authorization Number. Any merchandise shipped to our plant without authorization will be refused automatically and returned to sender.